



The JCP Property Disclosure Report™

Property Address: 2829 Buena Vista Wy,
Berkeley, Alameda County, CA

APN: 058 2242 028 00
Date: 10/30/2006
Report Number: 2006103000159

SECTION 4

Note: The complete Tax Report was not ordered with this report package. Please see Section 3 for preliminary Mello-Roos and 1915 Bond Act determinations.



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SECTION 1 JCP STATUTORY MAP READING DETERMINATIONS AND DISCUSSIONS SUMMARY

The statutory Natural Hazard Disclosure Statement on page one of this report does not provide for informing purchasers if the property is only partially within any of the delineated zones or provide additional flood zone information which could be very important to the disclosure process. This summary of JCP's map reading used to complete the statutory form in this report is provided here to give buyers the additional information they may need to help them in the decision making process and to place the information in perspective.

◦ ◦ ◦ SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA ◦ ◦ ◦

Determination

NOT in a Special Flood Hazard Area. Located in Zone "C." Lenders are not federally required to have homeowners purchase and maintain flood insurance for property in this zone designation.

Discussion

Property in a Special Flood Hazard Area "A" or "V" is subject to flooding in a "100-year rainstorm." Federally connected lenders are required to have homeowners maintain flood insurance in these zones. A 100-year flood occurs on average once every 100 years, but may not occur in 1,000 years or may occur in successive years. Other types of flooding, such as dam failure, are not considered in developing these zones. In some cases, the insurance requirement may be waived or modified by obtaining a "Letter of Map Revision" (LOMR) or "Letter of Map Amendment" (LOMA) from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). This might be possible where flooding is shallow and fill was placed on the site, appropriate flood control measures were taken, or only the lot and no part of the structure is in the zone. Contact FEMA directly for more information. Flood insurance for properties in Zones B, C, X or D is available but is not required.

Zones A, AO, AE, AH, A1-A30: Area of "100-year" flooding - a 1% or greater chance of annual flooding.

Zones V, V1-V30: Area of "100-year" flooding in coastal (shore front) areas subject to wave action.

Zone B: Area of moderate flood risk. These are areas between the "100" and "500" year flood-risk levels.

Zones X: An area of moderate to minimal flood risk.

Zones C, D: NOT IN an area of "100-year" flooding. Area of minimal (Zone C) or undetermined (Zone D) flood hazard.

PUBLIC RECORD: Official Flood Insurance Rate Maps ("FIRM") compiled and issued by FEMA pursuant to 42 United States Code §4001, et seq.

◦ ◦ ◦ AREA OF POTENTIAL FLOODING (DAM FAILURE) ◦ ◦ ◦

Determination

NOT in an Area of Potential Flooding Caused By Dam Failure according to the maps adopted by The State of California Office of Emergency Services.

Discussion

These areas are subject to potential flooding in the event of a sudden and total failure of a dam and injury could occur as a result. Most areas are defined assuming an instantaneous dam failure with a full reservoir. However, dams rarely fail instantaneously and reservoirs are not always filled to capacity. Not all dams in the state have inundation zones mapped. There may be exceptional conditions where such a map was not required by the OES; therefore, the zones are not delineated.

PUBLIC RECORD: Official dam inundation maps adopted by The State of California Office of Emergency Services ("OES") pursuant to California Government Code §8589.5

◦ ◦ ◦ VERY HIGH FIRE HAZARD SEVERITY ZONE (VHFHSZ) ◦ ◦ ◦

Determination

NOT in an area of Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone as defined on the State level maps (Gov. Code 51178). A local agency may exclude or include additional fire zones at their option. Concerned parties should contact their local fire services for more information.

Discussion

VHFHSZs are defined by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection (CDF) and local fire authorities in "Local Responsibility Areas" where fire suppression is the responsibility of a local fire department. In these zones properties may have a higher risk for fire damage and are required to have a "Class A" roof for new construction or replacement of existing roofs. In addition, the property must be maintained in a fire-resistant condition through adequate vegetation clearance around and above the structure, spark screens on chimneys and stovepipes, leaf removal from roofs, and other basic fire-safety practices. Contact your fire department for a complete list of requirements and exceptions.

PUBLIC RECORD: Official maps issued by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection (CDF) pursuant to California Public Resources Code § 51178.



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◦ ◦ ◦ WILDLAND FIRE AREA (STATE RESPONSIBILITY AREA) ◦ ◦ ◦

Determination

NOT in an official State Responsibility Area. Fire protection services for structures in this area are provided by local fire departments.

Discussion

A wild land area where the CDF's fire protection services are responsible for suppressing fires is called a "State Responsibility Area" (SRA). These are generally rural areas where a significant wild land fire potential exists. Unless the county has assumed the fire suppression responsibility or has an agreement with a local fire agency, property owners in an SRA are responsible for organizing structural fire protection services. Such information is not available on maps; therefore, it can't be provided here. For very isolated properties with no local fire services there may be significant fire risk or only seasonal fire services. Property owners in an SRA are required to maintain adequate vegetation clearance around and above the structure, spark screens on chimneys and stovepipes, and other basic fire-safety practices. Contact your fire department for a complete list of requirements and exceptions.

PUBLIC RECORD: Official maps issued by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection (CDF) pursuant to California Public Resources Code § 4125.

◦ ◦ ◦ EARTHQUAKE FAULT ZONE ◦ ◦ ◦

Determination

Located within an Official Earthquake Fault Zone. Some risk of fault rupture exists only if a fault trace exists on the property.

Discussion

Earthquake Fault Zones are delineated and adopted by California as part of the Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone Act of 1972. Property in an Earthquake Fault Zone does not necessarily have a fault trace existing on the site. Earthquake Fault Zones are areas or bands delineated on both sides of known active earthquake faults. In some places, the zones are more than one-quarter of a mile wide. The potential for "fault rupture" damage (ground cracking along the fault trace) is relatively high only if a structure is located directly on a fault trace. If a structure is not on a fault trace, shaking will be the primary effect of an earthquake. During a major earthquake, shaking will be strong in the vicinity of the fault and may be strong at some distance from the fault depending on soil and bedrock conditions. It is generally accepted that properly constructed wood-frame houses are resistant to shaking damage.

PUBLIC RECORD: Official earthquake fault zone or special study zone maps approved by the State Geologist and issued by the California Department of Conservation, California Geological Survey pursuant to California Public Resources Code §2622.

◦ ◦ ◦ SEISMIC HAZARD MAPPING ACT ZONE ◦ ◦ ◦

Determination

In an Official Seismic Hazard Zone. Located in an Earthquake-Induced Landslide Hazard Zone. Other Seismic Hazards that may eventually be addressed on these maps have not yet been evaluated for Alameda County.

Discussion

Seismic Hazard Zone maps delineate areas subject to earthquake hazards. New development in a Seismic Hazard Zone is only permitted if it can be shown that mitigation makes the site acceptably safe. Maps are only available for limited areas now, but will eventually cover all of California. The hazards addressed are or will be: liquefaction, enhanced ground shaking, earthquake induced landslides, and various other ground failures. The first release of maps only addresses liquefaction and/or landslide zones.

Liquefaction Hazard Zones are areas where there is a potential for, or an historic occurrence of liquefaction. Liquefaction is a rare soil phenomenon that can occur when loose, water saturated, fine-grained sands, and silty sands that lie within 50 feet of the ground surface, are shaken in a significant earthquake. The soil temporarily becomes liquid-like and structures may settle unevenly.

Earthquake-Induced Landslide Hazard Zones are areas where there has been a recent landslide, or where the local slope, geological, geotechnical, and ground moisture conditions indicate a potential for landslides as a result of earthquake shaking.

PUBLIC RECORD: Official earthquake fault zone or special study zone maps approved by the State Geologist and issued by the California Department of Conservation, California Geological Survey pursuant to California Public Resources Code §2696.



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SECTION 2

COUNTY AND CITY NATURAL HAZARD DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

The following natural hazard disclosures are provided to give local-level Seismic Safety information for the subject property. This information may be used by the local jurisdiction relative to making decisions regarding new development or additional construction. The agencies and jurisdictions who develop the official maps do not necessarily define or delineate hazards in the same way. A site can be *in* a hazard zone from one source and *not in* a hazard zone from another source.

Alameda County Geologic and Seismic Zone Determination

Based on the officially adopted county-level Seismic Safety Element natural hazard maps, the subject property is: **Located in the active Hayward Fault zone and located on a possible landslide deposit defined by air-photo interpretation. See the County Geologic Zones Discussion included with this report for an explanation of zones.**

NOTE: If the site is in a locally mapped hazard zone or if information of concern exists in another source, the property may require a geologic study prior to any new or additional construction. The disclosures above are material facts and should prudently be disclosed to buyers in addition to the Statutory Natural Hazard Disclosures. Additional sources of information which are not officially adopted, may be available at the local jurisdiction that are not reported here.

ALAMEDA COUNTY GEOLOGIC ZONES DISCUSSION

The County of Alameda, separately from the State and Federal governments, has officially produced or adopted maps to delineate potential geologic and seismic hazards that are recognized at the local level. Those hazard maps are incorporated into the Seismic Safety Element of the General Plan, adopted by the County Board of Supervisors in 1982. The local-level disclosure in this JCP report was based on the following official County map(s): "Phase I - Preliminary Evaluation of Geologic Problems in the County of Alameda," December 1973, by Woodward-Lundgren & Associates (incorporated by reference into the Safety Element of the General Plan).

The hazard zones delineated on the above map source, in addition to the statutorily-required State and Federal hazard maps, are typically considered by the County when approving land use and development permit applications under County jurisdiction. Additional maps exist in the General Plan and other maps, including updated versions of the above-referenced map(s), may exist in the files of specific County departments. Those additional map sources were not consulted for this JCP disclosure because parcel-level details cannot be resolved at the scale and quality of the available official map, or the map is inappropriate for application to this report, or the map has not yet been officially adopted and incorporated into the County's Safety Element. As mapping technology advances, JCP later may determine that some additional map sources become usable for parcel-level disclosure. The mapped County hazard zones represent evaluations of generalized hazard information. Any specific site within a mapped zone could be at less or more relative risk than is indicated by the zone designation. If a site-specific evaluation is desired, JCP recommends that a geotechnical consultant be retained to study the site and issue a report.

The official County-level information addresses the potential geologic and seismic hazards itemized below:

FAULT

Earthquake Faults have been divided into three categories by the County: active faults, potentially active faults and inactive faults. Inactive faults are not considered to be a high hazard, but building set-backs may be required prior to construction near them.

LANDSLIDE

Potential Landslide areas are mapped by air-photo interpretation. Properties in these areas are subject to some risk of damage from slope failure. However, areas mapped as large landslide deposits are not necessarily less stable than adjacent areas. Detailed site studies are necessary before judgments can be made about the slope stability of individual properties.

TSUNAMI

Tsunamis (commonly called "tidal waves") are large ocean waves generated by undersea earthquakes. Some areas along the Bay in Alameda County may be subject to damage from tsunami run-up on the average of once every two hundred years. Properties in these low-lying regions may be inundated if a 20-foot high tsunami occurs at the Golden Gate.

SOILS

Bedrock areas, Colluvial, Alluvial and Terrace deposits, do not represent zones of high geologic hazard. "Colluvial deposits" are sediments that are deposited at the base of slopes. Alluvial and terrace sediments were deposited by flowing water. Bedrock areas encompass a variety

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of rock types of various ages and engineering characteristics. These areas may be subject to slope stability problems if slopes are steeper than 20% and are underlain by low-strength geologic materials.

Alluvial Fan deposits represent sediments (clay, silt and sand) deposited by streams flowing over sloping terrain.

Fluvial deposits and Interfluvial Basin deposits represent sediments (clay, silt, and sand) deposited by streams in nearly level lowland areas.

Merrit Sand deposits are loose, fine-grained, very well-sorted, beach and wind-blown sands. This zone is subject to moderate to high potential for liquefaction.



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City of Berkeley Geologic and Seismic Zone Determination

Based on the officially adopted city-level Seismic Safety Element natural hazard maps, the subject property is:
Located within Fire Zone 2 as shown on the adopted General Plan maps used in this report. For explanation of zones see the city explanation section included with this report.

CITY OF BERKELEY GEOLOGIC ZONES DISCUSSION

The City of Berkeley, separately from the County, State and Federal governments, has officially delineated three (3) Fire Zones throughout the City. Those fire zones are incorporated into the Safety Element of the General Plan, adopted by the Berkeley City Council in 2002. Chapter 19.28 of the Berkeley Building Code defines each Zone and the building restrictions that exist for properties in each Zone. The current City of Berkeley Building Code can be accessed on the Internet at:
<http://www.ci.berkeley.ca.us/bmc/berkeley%5Fmunicipal%5Fcode/title%5F19/28/index.html>

Building restrictions in each Zone can be accessed at:

Zone 1: <http://www.ci.berkeley.ca.us/bmc/berkeley%5Fmunicipal%5Fcode/title%5F19/28/150.html>

Zone 2: <http://www.ci.berkeley.ca.us/bmc/berkeley%5Fmunicipal%5Fcode/title%5F19/28/160.html>

Zone 3: <http://www.ci.berkeley.ca.us/bmc/berkeley%5Fmunicipal%5Fcode/title%5F19/28/170.html>

The hazard zones defined by the above source, in addition to the statutorily-required State and Federal hazard maps, are typically considered by the City when approving land use and development permit applications under City jurisdiction. Additional maps exist in the General Plan and other maps, including updated versions of the above-referenced map(s), may exist in the files of specific municipal departments. Those additional map sources were not consulted for this JCP disclosure because parcel-level details cannot be resolved at the scale and quality of the available official map, or the map is inappropriate for application to this report, or the map has not yet been officially adopted and incorporated into the City's Safety Element. As mapping technology advances, JCP later may determine that some additional map sources become usable for parcel-level disclosure. The mapped City hazard zones may have been compiled from multiple sources of differing quality and, in some instances, have been generalized and simplified. No special field studies were conducted to verify the information for this subject property. Any specific site within a mapped zone could be at less or more relative risk than is indicated by the zone designation. If a site-specific evaluation is desired, JCP recommends that a geotechnical consultant be retained to study the site and issue a report. The risk of exposure can be reduced through appropriate land-use planning, development engineering, and building construction practices.

City vs. County Information: County and city-level information sources are developed independently of each other and do not necessarily define or delineate hazards in the same way. A site can be *in* a geologic hazard zone according to the city and *not in* the corresponding zone according to the county and vice versa. Cities and counties may use other information in addition to their General Plan sources to determine if hazards exist at a site or which sites may require geologic studies prior to new or additional construction. Such information could be a material fact to be disclosed in addition to General Plan information. Such potential sources are not reviewed in this report. To investigate other sources of natural hazard information that may be available and used at the local level, contact the Engineering, Planning or Building Departments in the subject City and County.

The official City-level information addresses the potential natural hazards itemized below:

FIRE HAZARD

Fire Zone 1 encompasses areas outside of the Hillside Ordinance Area of the City. These would include all areas of the incorporated City of Berkeley not in Fire Zones 2 and 3. Fire Zone 1 areas have a relatively lower fire hazard than Zones 2 and 3.

Fire Zone 2 encompasses areas designated as "Combined Hillside Districts" in the Official Zoning Map of the City of Berkeley. This area may also be referred to as the "Hill Fire Hazard Area" in certain Berkeley City offices. Guidelines and requirements regarding allowable roofing types, exterior siding, decks and balconies, as well as requirements for chimney spark arresters, roof overhangs, vents, and underground utility connections, as well as brush/vegetation control have been defined by ordinance by the City of Berkeley for properties in this zone. Fire Zone 2 represents areas with a relatively higher fire hazard than Zone 1 areas.

Fire Zone 3 encompasses the Panorama Hill area of Berkeley. This area is also referred to as the "Environmental Safety District" on the Official Zoning Map of the City of Berkeley. The guidelines and requirements regarding allowable roofing types, exterior siding, decks and balconies, as well as requirements for chimney spark arresters, roof overhangs, vents, and underground utility connections that affect properties in Fire Zone 2 apply for Fire Zone 3 as well as additional and more stringent requirements regarding exterior wall protection, roof coverings, under floor areas, utilities, protection of openings, fire warning systems, and brush/vegetation control. This area has the relatively highest fire hazard of the three zones due to restricted road access for fire suppression equipment.

The following is a general summary of restrictions for construction, alteration or repair of structures in Fire Zones 2 and 3. More restrictive guidelines as well as additional requirements exist for structures in Zone 3. The requirements may be amended by the City of Berkeley and the complete list is available on the web at:

<http://www.ci.berkeley.ca.us/bmc/berkeley%5Fmunicipal%5Fcode/title%5F19/28/index.html>



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1. Class A roof coverings are required for all new construction and re-roofing projects of more than 50% of the roof area.
2. Exterior sidings are restricted to certain heat resistant or non-combustible materials.
3. Decks, balconies and exterior stairs must be built to specific fire related standards of the city building code.
4. All chimneys, stovepipes, fireplaces, stoves, barbecues or solid fuel heating appliances must have an approved spark arrester.
5. Roof overhangs extending more that ten inches from an exterior wall must be built to fire-resistant city building codes.
6. Vents must be built to resist fire intrusion and are limited regarding where they may be placed on the structure.

• • • **END OF LOCAL AREA DISCLOSURES AND DISCUSSIONS SECTION** • • •



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SECTION 3

FORMER MILITARY ORDNANCE SITE DISCLOSURE

Determination

The subject property is **NOT WITHIN** one mile of a Formerly Used Defense (FUD) site containing military ordnance.

Discussion

FUD sites can include sites with common industrial waste (such as fuels), ordnance or other warfare materiel, unsafe structures to be demolished, or debris for removal. NOTE: most FUDS sites do not contain unexploded ordnance. California Civil Code 1102 requires disclosure of those sites containing unexploded ordnance. "Military ordnance" is any kind of munition, explosive device/material or chemical agent used in military weapons. Unexploded ordnance are munitions that did not detonate. Only those FUD sites that the USACE has identified to contain Military Ordnance or have mitigation projects planned for them are disclosed in this report. Additional sites may be added as military installations are released under the Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) Act. Active military sites are NOT included on the FUDS list.

COMMERCIAL OR INDUSTRIAL ZONING DISCLOSURE

Determination

Based on publicly-available parcel zoning records only:

The property IS within one-mile of a property that is zoned for industrial or commercial use.

Discussion

The seller of residential real property who has actual knowledge that the property is affected by or zoned to allow commercial or industrial use described in Section 731a of the Code of Civil Procedure shall give written notice of that knowledge to purchasers as soon as practicable before transfer of title (California Civil Code Section 1102.17). The Code of Civil Procedure Section 731a defines industrial use as areas in which a city and/or county has established zones or districts under authority of law wherein certain manufacturing or commercial or airport uses are expressly permitted. The "Zoning Disclosure" made in this report **DOES NOT** purport to determine whether the subject property is or is not affected by a commercial or industrial zone. As stated above, that determination is based solely upon ACTUAL KNOWLEDGE of the seller of the subject property.

In an effort to help determine areas where this may be applicable, this disclosure identifies if a property exists within one mile of the seller's property that is zoned to allow for commercial or industrial use. Very commonly, a home will have in its vicinity one or more properties that are zoned for commercial or industrial use such as restaurants, gasoline stations, convenience stores, golf courses, country club etc.



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AIRPORT INFLUENCE AREA DISCLOSURE

Determination

Based on certain mapped Airport Influence Areas determined by a County Airport Land Use Commission, the following determination can be made:

The property is NOT IN an officially-designated Airport Influence Area (AIA) and is NOT WITHIN two (2) statute miles of an airport for which no AIA has been officially designated.

Discussion

Certain airports are not disclosed in this report. FANHD has made a good faith effort to identify the airports covered under Section 1102.6a. Sources consulted include official land use maps and/or digital data made available by a governing ALUC or other designated government body. Most facilities for which an Airport Influence Area has been designated are included on the "California Airports List" maintained by the California Department of Transportation's Division of Aeronautics. Not disclosed in this report are public use airports that are not in the "California Airports List", airports that are physically located outside California, heliports and seaplane bases that do not have regularly scheduled commercial service, and private airports or military air facilities unless specifically identified in the "California Airports List". If the seller has actual knowledge of an airport in the vicinity of the subject property that is not disclosed in this report, and that is material to the transaction, the seller should disclose this actual knowledge in writing to the buyer.

JCP uses official land use maps and/or digital data made available by governing ALUC or other designated government body. Most facilities for which an Airport Influence Area has been designated are included on the "California Airports List" maintained by the California Department of Transportation's Division of Aeronautics. The inclusion of military and private airports varies by County, and heliports and seaplane bases are not included, therefore, airports in these categories may or may not be included in this disclosure.

NOTE: Proximity to an airport does not necessarily mean that the property is exposed to significant aviation noise levels. Alternatively, there may be properties exposed to aviation noise that are greater than two miles from an airport. Factors that affect the level of aviation noise include weather, aircraft type and size, frequency of aircraft operations, airport layout, flight patterns or nighttime operations. Buyer should be aware that aviation noise levels can vary seasonally or change if airport usage changes.

AIRPORT NOISE DISCLOSURE

Determination

Based on certain 65 decibel (dB) Community Noise Equivalent Level (CNEL) contour maps produced under the Federal Aviation Administration's *Airport Noise Compatibility Planning Program* Part 150, the following determination has been made:

The property IS NOT within a delineated 65 dB CNEL or greater aviation noise zone.

Discussion

The seller(s) of residential real property who has (have) actual knowledge that the property in transaction is affected by airport use must give written notice of that knowledge, as soon as practicable, before transfer of title. (California Civil Code, Section 1102.17).

Not all airports have produced noise exposure maps. A property may be near or at some distance from an airport and not be within a delineated noise exposure area, but still experience aviation noise. Unless 65dB CNEL contour maps are published, helipads and military sites are not included in this section of the report.

NOTE: The *Airport Noise Compatibility Planning Program* is voluntary. Not all airports have elected to participate. Not all property in the vicinity of an airport is exposed to 65dB CNEL or greater average aviation noise levels. Conversely a property may be at some distance from an airport and still experience aviation noise. JCP obtains updated maps once yearly. Purchasers should be aware that aviation noise levels can vary seasonally or change if airport usage changes after a map is published or after JCP receives the updated maps within the schedule set by JCP. JCP uses the most seasonally conservative noise exposures provided.

Federal funding may be available to help airports implement noise reduction programs. Such programs vary and might include purchasing properties, rezoning, and insulating homes for sound within 65dB areas delineated on CNEL maps. Airport owners have also cooperated by imposing airport use restrictions that include curfews, modifying flight paths, and aircraft limitations.



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REGISTERED SEX OFFENDER DATABASE DISCLOSURE ("MEGAN'S LAW")

Notice: Pursuant to Section 290.46 of the Penal Code, information about specified registered sex offenders is made available to the public via an Internet Web site maintained by the Department of Justice at www.meganslaw.ca.gov. Depending on an offender's criminal history, this information will include either the address at which the offender resides or the community of residence and ZIP Code in which he or she resides.

California law (AB 488), signed by the Governor on September 24, 2004, provides the public with Internet access to detailed information on registered sex offenders. The Sex Offender Tracking Program of the California Department of Justice (DOJ) maintains the database of the locations of persons required to register pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of Section 290.46 of the Penal Code. The online database is updated with data provided by local sheriff and police agencies on an ongoing basis. It presents offender information in 13 languages; may be searched by a sex offender's specific name, zip code, or city/county; provides access to detailed personal profile information on each registrant; and includes a map of your neighborhood.

California Department of Justice Information Sources:

Megan's Law Sex Offender Locator Web Site: <http://www.meganslaw.ca.gov>
California Department of Justice Megan's Law Email Address: meganslaw@doj.ca.gov

Local Information Locations For The Subject Property:

All sheriffs' departments and every police department in jurisdictions with a population of 200,000 or more are required to make a CD-ROM available free to the public for viewing. Although not required, many other law enforcement departments in smaller jurisdictions make the CD-ROM available as well. Please call your local law enforcement department to investigate availability.

According to current records your local law enforcement department phone number is (510) 667-3190.

The following are the law enforcement departments in your county that are REQUIRED to make information available:

Alameda County Sheriff's Department	(510) 667-3190
Fremont Police Department	(510) 790-6860
Oakland Police Department	(510) 238-2188

Explanation and How to Obtain Information

For over 50 years, California has required certain sex offenders to register with their local law enforcement agencies. However, information on the whereabouts of the sex offenders was not available to the public until implementation of the Child Molester Identification Line in July 1995. The available information was expanded by California's "Megan's Law" in 1996 (Chapter 908, Stats. of 1996). Megan's Law provides certain information on the whereabouts of "serious" and "high-risk" sex offenders. The law specifically prohibits using the information to harass or commit any crime against the offender. The information on a registered sex offender includes: name and known aliases; age and sex; physical description, including scars, marks and tattoos; photograph, if available; crimes resulting in registration; county of residence; and zip code (from last registration). Accessing the online database requires your agreement with the DOJ's terms of use web page.



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**SAN FRANCISCO BAY CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT
COMMISSION DISCLOSURE
(Applicable Only in Alameda, Contra Costa, Marin, Napa,
San Francisco, San Mateo, Santa Clara, Solano, and Sonoma Counties)**

Determination

Based on certain mapped coastal zones determined by the San Francisco Bay Conservation and Development Commission (BCDC), the following determination can be made:

The property is NOT IN the jurisdiction of the San Francisco Bay Conservation and Development Commission, as defined in Section 66620 of the Government Code.

NOTE: The official BCDC jurisdictional maps issued by the BCDC are electronic documents generally of low resolution and poor quality. As defined by the BCDC, its jurisdiction spans a complexity of ever-changing geographic and topographic environments including: (1) tidal areas of San Francisco Bay; (2) a 100-foot-wide shoreline band that extends inland from the upper edge of the BCDC's San Francisco Bay jurisdiction; (3) certain named waterways that empty into San Francisco Bay; (4) salt ponds adjacent to the Bay; and (5) certain managed wetlands as well as the Suisun Marsh. The BCDC-issued maps are not adequate for determining confidently the proximity of the BCDC-defined jurisdictional boundaries to nearby parcels. Therefore, all parties in the transaction are advised that there is some uncertainty inherent in the "NOT IN" determination made above.

Discussion

As of July 1, 2005, Civil Code Section 1103.4 mandates disclosure to buyers of certain real estate if that property is located within the jurisdictional boundaries of the BCDC. Notice is required to prevent unknowing violations of the law by new owners who were unaware that certain activities on the real property are subject to the BCDC's permit requirements.

The BCDC has issued maps for some parts of its jurisdiction, including the San Francisco Bay Plan maps (California Code of Regulations, Title 14, Section 10121) and the Suisun Marsh Plan maps (Nejedly-Bagley-Z'berg Suisun Marsh Preservation Act of 1974). Official maps have not been issued for other parts of the BCDC jurisdiction (McAteer-Petris Act areas) because the Bay is a highly dynamic environment and the shoreline changes over time (in part because the sea level also changes over time). In those areas where official BCDC maps are not available or along the edges of the BCDC's mapped jurisdiction, to meet the disclosure requirements, this report will indicate that the property "could be within" the BCDC's jurisdiction and that a location-specific jurisdictional determination should be made by consulting the BCDC. This determination of "could be within" the BCDC's jurisdiction was recommended by the BCDC in that certain Memo entitled "Guidance on Determining Commission Jurisdiction Pursuant to Senate Bill 1568" issued in February 2005 and posted on the BCDC website.



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Date: 10/30/2006
Report Number: 2006103000159

ADVISORIES

METHAMPHETAMINE CONTAMINATED PROPERTY DISCLOSURE ADVISORY

According to the "Methamphetamine Contaminated Property Cleanup Act of 2005" a property owner must disclose in writing to a prospective buyer if local health officials have issued an order prohibiting the use or occupancy of a property contaminated by meth lab activity. The owner must also give a copy of the pending order to the buyer to acknowledge receipt in writing. Failure to comply with these requirements may subject an owner to, among other things, a civil penalty up to \$5,000. Aside from disclosure requirements, this new law also sets forth procedures for local authorities to deal with meth-contaminated properties, including the filing of a lien against a property until the owner cleans up the contamination or pays for the cleanup costs.

MOLD ADVISORY

The Buyer is hereby advised that naturally occurring molds may exist both inside and outside of any home and may not be visible to casual inspection. Persons exposed to extensive mold levels can become sensitized and develop allergies to the mold or other health problems. Extensive mold growth can damage a structure and its contents. All prospective purchasers of residential and commercial property are advised to thoroughly inspect the subject property for mold. Be sure to inspect the property inside and out for sources of excess moisture, current water leaks and evidence of past water damage.

For molds to grow and reproduce, they need only a food source - any organic material, such as leaves, wood, paper, or dirt and moisture. Because molds grow by digesting the organic material, they gradually destroy whatever they grow on. Mold growth on surfaces can often be seen in the form of discoloration, frequently green, gray, brown, or black but also white and other colors.

As part of a buyer's physical inspection of the condition of a property, the buyer may consider engaging an appropriate and qualified professional to inspect and test for the presence of harmful molds and to advise the buyer of any potential risk and options available. This advisory is not a disclosure of whether harmful mold conditions exist at a property or not. JCP Geologists has not performed testing or inspections of any kind. Any use of this form is acknowledgement and acceptance that JCP does not disclose, warrant or indemnify mold conditions at a property in any way and is not responsible in any way for mold conditions that may exist. Information is available from the California Department of Health Services Indoor Air Quality Section fact sheet entitled, "Mold in My Home: What Do I Do?" The fact sheet is available at www.cal-iaq.org or by calling (510) 540-2476.

The Toxic Mold Protection Act of 2001 requires that information be developed regarding the potential issues surrounding naturally occurring molds within a home. Information was written by environmental authorities for inclusion in the *Environmental Hazards: A Guide for Homeowners, Buyers, Landlords and Tenants* booklet developed by the California Environmental Protection Agency and the Department of Health Services. It is found in Chapter VI of that booklet, and includes references to sources for additional information.

For local assistance, contact your county or city Department of Health, Housing, or Environmental Health.



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RADON ADVISORY

For its Radon Advisory, JCP Geologists uses the updated assessment of radon exposure published in 1999 by the Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory (LBNL) and Columbia University, under support from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), the National Science Foundation, and the US Department of Energy (published online at <http://eetd.lbl.gov/IEP/high-radon/USgm.htm>). Based on this recent assessment, JCP's radon advisory is as follows:

All of California's 58 counties have a predicted median annual-average living-area concentration of radon below 2.0 pCi/L (picocuries per liter of indoor air) -- which is well below the EPA's guideline level of 4 pCi/L and equivalent to the lowest hazard zone (Zone 3) on the 1993 EPA Map of Radon Zones

A "median", like an average, is a central value. The "median concentration" means that half of the homes in a county are expected to be below this value and half to be above it. All houses contain some radon, and a few houses will contain much more than the median concentration. The only way to accurately assess long-term exposure to radon in a specific house is through long-term testing (sampling the indoor air for a year or more). The EPA recommends that all homes be tested for radon. Columbia University's "Radon Project" website offers help to homeowners in assessing the cost vs. benefit of testing a specific house for radon or modifying it for radon reduction (see <http://www.stat.columbia.edu/radon/>).

NOTE: JCP does not use the EPA's 1993 map for advisory purposes because that map shows "short-term" radon exposure averaged by county. It was based on "screening measurements" that were intentionally designed to sample the worst-case conditions for indoor air in US homes--using spot checks (sampling for just a few days), in the poorest air quality (with sealed doors and windows), at the worst time of the year (winter), in the worst part of the house (the basement, if one was available). These short-term, winter, basement measurements are both biased and variable compared to long-term radon concentrations (averaged over a year) in the living area of a house. Long-term concentrations are a more accurate way to judge the long-term health risk from radon. For the above reasons, the EPA expressly disclaims the use of its 1993 map for determining whether any house should be tested for radon, and authorizes no other use of its map for property-specific purposes. For additional information about EPA guidelines and radon testing, see "Chapter VII--Radon", in the California Department of Real Estate's *Residential Environmental Hazards: A Guide for Homeowners, Homebuyers, Landlords and Tenants*.

ENERGY EFFICIENCY ADVISORIES

"13 SEER" Federal Energy Efficiency Standard Advisory

Effective January 23, 2006, Federal law requires that all new air conditioning equipment manufactured in the United States comply with a minimum efficiency standard set by the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE). The new standard -- called the "Seasonal Energy Efficiency Rating" standard of 13 (or "13 SEER") -- does not require a seller to replace existing air conditioning equipment, nor does it mean that an existing system will be obsolete or impossible to maintain. However, property owners will likely see a higher cost of the 13 SEER-compliant equipment when an existing non-compliant system is eventually replaced. For more information, visit http://www.eere.energy.gov/buildings/appliance_standards/residential/pdfs/ac_factsheet.pdf

California's 2005 Energy Efficiency Standards Advisory

Effective October 1, 2005, the California Energy Commission adopted Title 24, Building Energy Efficiency Standards for 2005. Under these standards, local governments must adopt and enforce building codes that require ductwork to be inspected whenever new heating, ventilating or air conditioning equipment is installed. If the ductwork is found to leak in excess of 15%, then repairs to the ductwork are required to bring it into compliance. The California Energy Commission estimates that the average home's ductwork leaks by 30% or more; so, some repair costs are likely for most homes when a new furnace, for example, is installed. Title 24 does not require a seller to replace a furnace that is otherwise safe and serviceable or to inspect or repair a home's ductwork. However, the future replacement of a furnace will require such an inspection and possible repairs, which may impose an unexpected cost on the property owner. This new standard also specifically bans the use of cloth-backed tape ("duct tape") in making duct repairs, unless the tape is used in combination with approved adhesive materials. Compliance with the standard is assured by hiring a contractor who is properly licensed, and doing the installation with a building permit so that the City Building Inspector can check the work when completed. For more information, visit <http://www.energy.ca.gov/title24/2005standards>

Home Energy Efficiency Improvement Tax Credits Advisory

According to the DOE, the higher replacement cost of a 13 SEER-compliant air conditioning system will be offset by a savings of up to 23 percent in monthly energy costs. The California Energy Commission notes that leaking ductwork accounts for up to 25 percent of the heating costs of a typical home. Therefore, compliance with the new Federal and State standards offers substantial benefits to the property owner, as well as significant environmental benefits through decreased energy consumption, compared with older systems. In addition, consumers who purchase and install specific products, such as energy-efficient windows, insulation, doors, roofs, and heating and cooling equipment in the home can receive a **tax credit** of up to \$500 beginning in January 2006. For more information, visit <http://www.energy.gov/taxbreaks.htm>



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Endangered Species Act Advisory

The Federal Endangered Species Act of 1973 ("ESA"), as amended, requires that plant and animal species identified and classified ("listed") by the Federal government as "threatened" or "endangered" be protected under U.S. law. Areas of habitat considered essential to the conservation of a listed species may be designated as "critical habitat" and may require special management considerations or protection. All threatened and endangered species -- even if critical habitat is not designated for them -- are equally afforded the full range of protections available under the ESA.

In California alone, over 300 species of plants and animals have been designated under the ESA as threatened or endangered, and over 80 species have critical habitats designated for them. Most California counties are host to a dozen or more protected species and, in many cases, 10 or more species have designated critical habitats within a county.

ADVISORY

An awareness of threatened and endangered species and/or critical habitats is not reasonably expected to be within the actual knowledge of a seller.

No Federal rule, California statute, Department of Real Estate regulation, or other law requires a seller or seller's agent to disclose threatened or endangered species or critical habitats, or investigate their possible existence, on real property. Therefore, Buyer is advised that, prior to purchasing a vacant land parcel or other real property, Buyer should consider the need to investigate the existence of threatened or endangered species, or designated critical habitats, on or in the vicinity of the parcel, which could affect the use of the property or the success of any proposed (re)development.

For more information

Complete and current information about the threatened and endangered species in California that are Federally listed in each county -- including all critical habitats designated there -- is available on the website of the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service, the Federal authority which has enforcement responsibility for the ESA.

For Northern California visit:

http://www.fws.gov/sacramento/es/spp_lists/auto_list_form.cfm

For Southern California visit:

http://www.fws.gov/carlsbad/CFWO_Species_List.htm



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MELLO-ROOS and SPECIAL ASSESSMENT DETERMINATION

Determination Based on data from an independent tax information service:

The subject property is **WITHIN** a Mello-Roos Special Assessment District

1. Name and Issuing Agency:	City of Berkeley	Contact: Geri McFarland	(510) 981-7219
Project Financed:	Fire Equipment & Services	Amount: \$ 25.94	

The subject property is **NOT WITHIN** an assessment district pursuant to the Improvement Bond Act of 1915:

No 1915 Bond Act Special Assessment Districts were determined to have been assessed for this property in the previous tax year.

0.00

The facilities financed by this (these) Mello-Roos and/or Special Assessment(s) may not yet have all been constructed or acquired and it is possible that some may never be constructed or acquired. You should take this assessment and the benefits from the public facilities for which it pays into account in deciding whether to buy this property.

If the property is subject to a Mello-Roos and/or a "1915" Special Assessment District Lien, the Seller must make a good faith effort to provide the Buyer(s) with a "Notice of Special Tax" and/or a "Notice of Special Assessment" *as long as the notices are made available by the local agency* (Section 1102.6b of the Civil Code). Cities and Counties vary where this type of information may be made available. Contact the local Controller, Finance Department, Treasurer or Tax Assessor for more information regarding the availability of a Notice of Special Assessment.

Discussion

California laws allow "special taxes" and "special assessments" to be levied against a property in addition to ad valorem property taxes in order to help fund benefits such as streets, curbs, gutters and underground sewer and water infrastructure. The "Mello- Roos Community Facilities Act" and the "Improvement Bond Act of 1915" are two of these assessment laws, and assessments made under these laws carry a disclosure obligation as of January 1, 2002 (Section 1102.6b of the Civil Code). This notice is designed to help Sellers fulfill this disclosure obligation.

When either of these assessment laws is activated, an assessment lien is placed against each affected property and a special assessment appears on the property tax bill until the amortized debt is fully paid. An important feature of "Mello-Roos" and "1915 Bond Act" assessment districts is that the lien has a priority status. If the assessment tax is not paid on time, the home can be foreclosed upon and sold through an accelerated foreclosure process. Even though a "special" or "supplemental assessment" may appear on the property tax bill, it is not necessarily a "Mello-Roos" or "1915" bond assessment subject to a property lien or a specific disclosure requirement.

IMPORTANT: This information was obtained from an independent tax information service using their proprietary database. It is not a substitute for a title report, for special tax information that may be contained in a title report, or for title insurance. There are a limited number of properties that may be subject to Special Assessment that are not included in this tax database. If the seller has additional information on Special Tax Assessments that do not appear in this report, it must be disclosed to the buyer.



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•• JCP SERVICES SECTION ••

Any use of this report is an acknowledgement of and an agreement to abide by the terms stated in this section. For the Natural Hazard Disclosures, JCP Geologists (JCP) examines only the following maps: (a) NFIP Flood Insurance Rate Maps, (b) California Office of Emergency Services Dam Failure Inundation maps, (c) Real Estate: disclosure (CDF) fire maps, (d) Seismic Hazards Mapping Act maps, (e) geologic and seismic hazard maps adopted by the county as part of its General Plan's Safety Element, (f) geologic and seismic hazard maps adopted by the city as a part of its General Plan's Safety Element, (g) LOMR's or LOMA's (made available to us), for location of the above property as identified by the seller or seller's agent. JCP relies on these official sources for the information in this report and does not produce, maintain or verify the information. Our services include, where appropriate, use of the assessors rolls, cadastral-type maps, photographic enlargements of maps and various cartographic techniques to locate the site on the appropriate map. The determination is made as accurately as reasonably possible using these said maps. For purposes of defining property lines, the assessor's parcel number and parcel maps are used. Any errors in the assessor's rolls may affect the determination procedures.

Decisions by jurisdictions relative to required studies, reports, etc. may be made using the same information sources used in the disclosures in this report, as well as information in their files and/or local ordinances and procedures. The disclosure information in this report is not a substitute for a geologic or engineering study, nor can it be construed that a city or county will not require such studies. No visual examination of the subject site was performed nor was a study of any jurisdiction's files or other sources made to determine the existence of any hazard which may exist on the site. This report is for the purpose of certain map-based real estate transaction disclosures only and is not a substitute for the broker/agent property inspection.

Our determination for Mello-Roos Special Tax and 1915 Special Assessment Districts was made using a proprietary third-party database of Special Tax and Assessment Districts (STAD) that have issued bonds as the method to pay for facilities. Only STAD's which levied a tax against the subject property in the previous tax year are disclosed. STAD information may not be available if the property is in foreclosure for delinquent or non-payment of a Special Tax or Assessment. JCP cannot be held responsible for not reporting these cases. The databases are deemed to be accurate based on information supplied by bond issuers. Under no circumstances will JCP Geologists be responsible for errors in the data supplied by bond issuers and suppliers of the tax databases. Information is up-dated on a yearly basis as soon as possible after updated information is released.

No study of the assessor's or jurisdiction's files was made to determine the presence of any other tax or assessment which may exist for the property. Other types of "special assessments" likely exist that are not Mello-Roos or 1915 Bond Act Assessments. This JCP report is for disclosure only and is not intended to provide any type of tax advice. JCP suggests that if any party to this transaction has any concerns or questions regarding Mello-Roos Community Facilities Districts, or 1915 Special Assessment Districts they contact an appropriate expert.

Military ordnance disclosures were provided using Department of Defense data sources that JCP neither produces nor maintains. JCP cannot accept liability for the accuracy of the information derived from these public data sources. No on-site inspection was performed.

JCP performs services for the real estate agent/broker and current owner. This report is for residential property only and is for the exclusive use of the contractual parties, their broker/agent(s), and the current owner's sale for which it is issued. Due to changes in tax districts, disclosure maps, laws and contractual parties, this report cannot be relied upon for other properties nor for future transactions of the subject property. All parties should be aware that the information is subject to change. JCP is not responsible for advising parties of any changes that may occur after the date of this report. As a courtesy, JCP will update this report at no cost during the single transaction process for which this report was issued, if requested. JCP shall not be liable to anyone who may claim any right through his/her relationship with the agent, except when acts or omissions are due to willful misconduct or negligence by JCP.

Reproduction of this report is permitted only for the purpose of fulfilling the seller's disclosure duty to the buyer in the transaction of the real property at the subject address noted herein. Any other reproduction, facsimile, or republication of this report is expressly prohibited and is a violation of the copyrights, trademarks and service marks of the First American Corporation, and will be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law. **The Company shall assume no liability unless and until the fee for this (these) report(s) is paid in full.**

This JCP Report includes a statutory Natural Hazard Disclosure Statement as legislated in California Civil Code 1103. The delivery of this report is sufficient compliance for the legal exemption that states neither the seller nor any listing or selling agent will be liable for any error in this information as long as ordinary care is exercised in transmitting it and they have no personal knowledge of errors (California Civil Code 1103.4).

This report is not an insurance policy and is not a substitute for the buyer obtaining Property & Casualty Insurance Policies which will provide coverage against losses incurred as a result of earthquakes, fires, flooding, environmental hazards, or any other kinds of risks associated with the property. If any party to this transaction has concerns relative to the stability or condition of the property or if "red flags" are observed during any party's inspection, an appropriate consultant should be retained to study the site and render an opinion.



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PROPERTY TAX DISCLOSURE REPORT FOR:

Property Address: 2829 BUENA VISTA WAY

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NOTE

This report is void and not guaranteed if it has not been paid for within 30 days after the close of escrow.

In preparing this report, California Tax Data has relied upon the statutes identified and has reviewed the records referred to in each determination. These are available to the public as Government Records to make the determinations if and to what extent each special tax and assessment statute applies to the subject property. Receipt or use of this report by recipient or any other third party constitutes acceptance of the terms and conditions detailed at the end of this document. Please read these terms and conditions carefully. This report is not a warranty or a policy of insurance. This report is prepared by California Tax Data to comply with certain California laws relating to the disclosure of a continuing lien securing the levy of special taxes pursuant to the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act (Chapter 2.5 (commencing with Section 53311) of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code) or to a fixed lien assessment collected in installments to secure bonds issued pursuant to the Improvement Bond Act of 1915 (Division 10 (commencing with Section 8500) of the Streets and Highways Code) in connection with the sale of real property in California.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL TAX AND ASSESSMENT

TO: THE PROSPECTIVE PURCHASER OF THE REAL PROPERTY KNOWN AS:

Assessor's Parcel Number: 058224202800
Property Address or Legal Description: 2829 BUENA VISTA WAY
Report Date: 10/30/2006

THIS IS A NOTIFICATION TO YOU PRIOR TO YOUR PURCHASING THIS PROPERTY.

1. MELLO-ROOS COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICTS

Mello-Roos Community Facilities Districts ("CFD") provide a method of financing certain public capital facilities and services especially in developing areas and areas undergoing rehabilitation. Public improvements funded by Mello-Roos CFDs may include, but are not limited to, roads, schools, water, sewer and storm drain facilities. Public services funded by Mello-Roos CFDs may include, but are not limited to, police and fire protection services, recreation program services, and flood or storm protection services. Mello-Roos CFDs commonly fund the construction of public improvements through the issuance of bonds. A special tax lien is placed on property within the district for the annual payment of principal and interest as well as administrative expenses. Typically, the annual special tax continues until the bonds are repaid, or until special taxes are no longer needed. In most instances but not all, the special tax is collected with regular property taxes.

This property is within the Mello-Roos CFD(s) listed below and is subject to a special tax, that will appear on your property tax bill. This special tax is in addition to the regular property taxes and any other charges and benefit assessments that will be listed on the property tax bill. This special tax may not be imposed on all parcels within the city or county where the property is located. This special tax is used to provide public facilities or services that are likely to particularly benefit the property.

The maximum tax rate, the maximum tax rate escalator, and the authorized facilities which are being paid for by the special taxes and by the money received from the sale of bonds which are being repaid by the special taxes, and any authorized services are indicated below. These facilities may not yet have all been constructed or acquired and it is possible that some may never be constructed or acquired.

THIS PROPERTY IS SUBJECT TO MELLO-ROOS COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT SPECIAL TAX LIEN(S).

1.1 City of Berkeley • (510) 981-2489 • Community Facilities District No. 1 (Disaster Fire Protection)

Current Levy. \$25.94 Maximum Tax Rate. \$25.94.

Ending Year. The special tax will be levied each year until all of the authorized facilities are built and all special tax bonds are repaid, but in any case not after the 2021-2022 tax year. Special taxes that pay for ongoing services may be levied indefinitely. The maximum special tax for this parcel may increase if additional improvements are constructed or the use of the parcel changes (e.g., the property use changes from undeveloped to developed, residential to commercial, etc.).

Maximum Tax Rate Escalator. The Maximum Tax Rate amount is fixed and cannot increase without voter approval unless additional improvements are constructed or the use of the parcel changes.

Authorized Facilities. The authorized facilities which are being paid for by the special taxes, and by the money received from the sales of bonds which are being repaid by the special taxes are: fund fire protection facilities including pumping units, ultra large diameter hose, transport and support vehicles, portable hydrants, accessory fittings, hose bridges, and storage sites.

Authorized Services. The special taxes may be used to pay for costs of the following services: Fire protection services.

Special Circumstances. None

NOTICE OF SPECIAL TAX AND ASSESSMENT (continued)

TO: THE PROSPECTIVE PURCHASER OF THE REAL PROPERTY KNOWN AS:

Assessor's Parcel Number: 058224202800
Property Address or Legal Description: 2829 BUENA VISTA WAY
Report Date: 10/30/2006

2. 1915 BOND ACT ASSESSMENT DISTRICTS

1915 Bond Act assessment districts provide a method of financing certain public capital facilities. Public improvements funded by 1915 Bond Act districts may include, but are not limited to, roads, sewer, water and storm drain systems, and street lighting. 1915 Bond Act assessment districts commonly fund the construction of public improvements through the issuance of bonds. A special assessment lien is placed on property within the assessment district. The lien amount is calculated according to the specific benefit that individual property receives from the improvements and is amortized over a period of years. 1915 Bond Act assessments can be prepaid at any time. In most instances but not all, the assessment is collected with regular property taxes.

Properties within a 1915 Bond Act assessment district are subject to annual assessment installments (a Mello-Roos Community Facilities District special tax and the 1915 Bond Act Assessment District annual assessment installments are hereinafter collectively referred to as "Special Liens"), which are in addition to the regular property taxes and any other charges and benefit assessments that will be listed on the property tax bill. The assessment district issues bonds to finance the acquisition or construction of certain public improvements that are of direct and special benefit to property within the assessment district. The bonds will be repaid from annual assessment installments on property within the assessment district. The special assessment is used to provide public facilities that are likely to particularly benefit the property.

THIS PROPERTY IS NOT SUBJECT TO IMPROVEMENT BOND ACT OF 1915 SPECIAL ASSESSMENT LIEN(S).

MELLO-ROOS COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT SPECIAL TAXES AND THE 1915 BOND ACT ASSESSMENT DISTRICT ANNUAL ASSESSMENT INSTALLMENTS ARE HEREINAFTER COLLECTIVELY REFERRED TO AS "SPECIAL LIENS." IF SPECIAL LIENS DESCRIBED ABOVE ARE NOT PAID WHEN DUE, FORECLOSURE PROCEEDINGS MAY BE INITIATED AT ANY TIME, AFTER PROPERTY TAXES BECOME DELINQUENT. YOUR PROPERTY MAY BE SOLD FOR THE DELINQUENT AMOUNTS, EARLIER THAN WITH REGULAR PROPERTY TAXES.

YOU SHOULD TAKE THE SPECIAL LIENS DESCRIBED ABOVE AND THE BENEFITS RECEIVED FROM THE PUBLIC FACILITIES AND PUBLIC SERVICES (IF APPLICABLE) FOR WHICH IT PAYS INTO ACCOUNT IN DECIDING WHETHER TO BUY THIS PROPERTY.

THE INFORMATION PROVIDED IN THIS REPORT WAS PREPARED BY NATIONAL TAX DATA, INC. dba CALIFORNIA TAX DATA ("CTD") AND IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS CONTAINED HEREIN. THE PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT IS TO ASSIST THE SELLER IN FULFILLING HIS OR HER LEGAL DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENT PURSUANT TO CALIFORNIA CIVIL CODE § 1102.6B. THIS REPORT WAS COMPILED USING INFORMATION OBTAINED FROM THE COUNTY, VARIOUS GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES AND THIRD PARTIES. CTD IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY INACCURACIES OR OMISSION IN THE PUBLIC RECORDS OF THE COUNTY, VARIOUS GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES OR FOR INFORMATION PROVIDED BY THIRD PARTIES. **THIS REPORT IS NOT A SUBSTITUTE FOR A TITLE REPORT OR TITLE INSURANCE AND MAY NOT BE RELIED UPON AS SUCH.**

YOU MAY OBTAIN ADDITIONAL INFORMATION OR DOCUMENTATION REGARDING THE CREATION OF THE DISTRICT(S) LISTED ABOVE, AND MORE PRECISELY HOW THE CHARGES ARE COMPUTED, AND HOW THE PROCEEDS WILL BE USED, BY CALLING THE CONTACT PHONE NUMBER LISTED ABOVE. THERE MAY BE A CHARGE FOR THE DOCUMENTS NOT TO EXCEED THE ESTIMATED REASONABLE COST OF PROVIDING THE DOCUMENTS.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL TAX AND ASSESSMENT (continued)

TO: THE PROSPECTIVE PURCHASER OF THE REAL PROPERTY KNOWN AS:

Assessor's Parcel Number: 058224202800
Property Address or Legal Description: 2829 BUENA VISTA WAY
Report Date: 10/30/2006

BUYER'S CONFIRMATION OF RECEIPT:

I (WE) ACKNOWLEDGE THAT I (WE) HAVE RECEIVED A COPY OF THIS NOTICE. I (WE) UNDERSTAND THAT I (WE) MAY TERMINATE THE CONTRACT TO PURCHASE OR DEPOSIT RECEIPT AFTER RECEIVING THIS NOTICE FROM THE OWNER OR AGENT SELLING THE PROPERTY. THE CONTRACT MAY BE TERMINATED WITHIN THREE DAYS IF THE NOTICE WAS RECEIVED IN PERSON OR WITHIN FIVE DAYS AFTER IT WAS DEPOSITED IN THE MAIL BY GIVING WRITTEN NOTICE OF THAT TERMINATION TO THE OWNER OR AGENT SELLING THE PROPERTY.

Date: _____ Transferee's Signature (Buyer): _____

Date: _____ Transferee's Signature (Buyer): _____

NOTICE OF SUPPLEMENTAL PROPERTY TAX BILL

In accordance with Section 1102.6(c) of the California Civil Code, it is the sole responsibility of the seller of any real property, or his or her agent, to deliver to the prospective purchaser a disclosure notice of the following:

California property tax law requires the Assessor to revalue real property at the time the ownership of the property changes. Because of this law, you may receive one or two supplemental tax bills, depending on when your loan closes.

The supplemental tax bills are not mailed to your lender. If you have arranged for your property tax payments to be paid through an impound account, the supplemental tax bills will not be paid by your lender. It is your responsibility to pay these supplemental bills directly to the Tax Collector.

If you have any question concerning this matter, please call your local Tax Collector's Office.

As stated above, California law requires that the Assessor re-appraise property upon a change of ownership or the completion of new construction. This re-appraisal results in a supplemental tax assessment which is based on the difference between the new value and the old value of the property, multiplied by the property's Ad Valorem tax rate. The resulting Supplemental Tax amount is then pro-rated, based upon the number of months remaining in the fiscal year in which the event occurred.

The number of tax bills which will be issued also depends on the date the event occurred. If the change of ownership or new construction is completed between January 1st and May 31st, the result will be two supplemental assessments levied on two supplemental tax bills. If the event occurs between June 1st and December 31st, then only one supplemental bill will be issued.

For a complete explanation and estimation of the supplemental tax bills affecting this parcel you can go to www.californiataxdata.com and order a complete Notice of Supplemental Tax Report.

DESCRIPTION OF MELLO-ROOS COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT(S)
Community Facilities District No. 1
City of Berkeley
\$9,750,000.00

▶ **Summary**

Community Facilities District No. 1 was established pursuant to the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982. Qualified electors authorized the district in 2000 along with the issuance of up to \$9,750,000.00 in bonded indebtedness. Bonds were issued to pay for certain public facilities and/or services that benefit the district. A special tax is levied on properties in the district to pay the interest and principal on the bonds as well as administrative expenses.

▶ **What facilities does it pay for?**

The authorized facilities which are being paid for by the special taxes, and by the money received from the sales of bonds which are being repaid by the special taxes are: fund fire protection facilities including pumping units, ultra large diameter hose, transport and support vehicles, portable hydrants, accessory fittings, hose bridges, and storage sites.

▶ **What services does this pay for?**

The special taxes may be used to pay for costs of the following services: Fire protection services.

▶ **How is the annual levy calculated?**

Each parcel is assigned a maximum special tax, which is typically based on development status, property use, and/or size of improvements. The actual annual special tax is based on the interest and principal due on the bonds for the current fiscal year, services costs, if any, and administrative expenses. However, the actual annual special tax cannot exceed the applicable maximum special tax.

▶ **Can the annual levy increase?**

When the property is classified it is assigned a maximum special tax rate, and the current year's special tax is computed based on a percentage of the maximum special tax rate. The actual special tax may rise from year to year, but not above the maximum special tax rate. In most cases, the maximum special tax rate automatically increases each year, which could result in higher rates from year to year. Since the annual Mello-Roos Special Tax is not a fixed amount, prepayment formulas are often extremely complicated and many Districts do not allow prepayment at all. If additional bonds are issued, it may affect your property taxes.

▶ **How long will it be on the tax bill?**

The Special Tax shall be levied for a period not to exceed twenty (20) years commencing with Fiscal Year 2001-2002.

▶ **Foreclosure Proceedings**

The CFD has the right (and if bonds are issued, the obligation) to foreclose on property when the special taxes are delinquent for more than 90 days. Additionally, any costs of collection and penalties must be paid by the delinquent property owner.

▶ **Contact Information**

City of Berkeley

phone: (510) 981-7200

▶ **Consultant Information**

BREAKDOWN OF THE 2006-2007 PROPERTY TAX BILL

This report is an estimate of the original secured property tax bill charges for the above-mentioned property using information obtained from the County on a given date. Changes made by the County or the underlying public agencies levying charges against this property after the date of this report may not be reflected in this report.

Basic Prop 13 Levy

1. All Ad Valorem Taxes	Prop 13	\$3,173.42
County of Alameda (510) 272-6564	General Service	

Voter Approved Ad Valorem Taxes

Basic Prop 13 Levy & Voter Approved Ad Valorem Taxes:	\$3,173.42
Estimated Tax Rate:	1.235%



Direct Assessments

2.	Library Service City of Berkeley (510) 981-7200	Library Services Assessment Library	\$298.80
3.	Refuse Service City of Berkeley (510) 981-7200	Trash, Waste or Refuse Fee Trash Removal	\$288.00
4.	School Special Tax Berkeley Unified School District (510) 644-8593	School District Special Tax Education	\$267.88
5.	Landscape & Park Maintenance City of Berkeley (510) 981-7200	Landscaping & Lighting District - Park Maintenance Parks & Recreation	\$216.42
6.	Berkeley U. S. D. 2004 Measure B Special Tax Berkeley Unified School District (510) 644-8593	School District Special Tax School	\$205.22
7.	Berkeley Unified School District Maintenance Special Tax Berkeley Unified School District (510) 644-8593	School District Special Tax Education	\$107.28
8.	Wet Weather Facilities Charges East Bay Municipal Utilities District (510) 287-1620	Fee/Charge Facilities Charge	\$58.80
9.	Paramedic Supplement City of Berkeley (510) 981-7200	Paramedics Services Assessment Emergency Medical	\$57.70
10.	Alameda-Contra Costa Parcel Tax Alameda-Contra Costa Transit District (510) 891-4753	2/3 Voter Approved Special Tax Transportation	\$48.00
11.	Clean Storm Water City of Berkeley (510) 981-7200	Flood Control/Storm Drainage Assessment Clean Storm Water	\$36.34
12.	Community Facilities District No. 1 City of Berkeley (510) 981-7200	Mello-Roos Community Facilities District Fire Equipment & Services	\$25.94
13.	County Service Area E.m. 1983-1 (Paramedic) County of Alameda (510) 628-5070	County Service Area Emergency Medical	\$24.96
14.	Street Lighting City of Berkeley (510) 981-7200	Landscaping & Lighting Maintenance District Street Lighting	\$22.42
15.	Emergency Services For Severely Disabled City of Berkeley (510) 981-7200	Paramedics Services Assessment Emergency Medical	\$21.58
16.	E.B.R.P.D. Park Safety/Maint East Bay Regional Park District (510) 635-0135	Landscaping & Lighting District - Park Maintenance Park	\$12.00
17.	County Service Area 1991-1 (Lead Abatement) County of Alameda (510) 567-8280	County Service Area County Services	\$10.00
18.	County Service Area V.c. 1984-1 (Vector Control) County of Alameda (510) 567-6800	County Service Area Vector Control	\$5.92
19.	Landscape & Lighting District (East Bay Trails) East Bay Regional Park District (510) 635-0135	Landscaping & Lighting Maintenance District Landscape & Lighting	\$5.44
20.	Mosquito Abatement District Special Tax Alameda County Mosquito Abatement District (510) 783-7744	Vector Control District Vector Control	\$1.74

Total Direct Assessment Charges: \$1,714.44

Total 2006-2007 Amount: \$4,887.86

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY TAX CHARGES

Ad Valorem Tax

An Ad Valorem Tax is a tax levied on a parcel that is calculated based on the assessed value of the parcel. Ad valorem taxes may include those taxes that were approved by voters before that passage of Proposition 13 in 1978, General Obligation Bonds or Special Taxes that are based on assessed value as opposed to some other method. Taxes that were established before 1978 may be used for various services and improvements and may or may not be associated with public indebtedness (the issuance of municipal bonds). A General Obligation Bond is a municipal bond that may be issued by a city, county or school district in order to finance the acquisition and construction of public capital facilities and real property. Equipment purchases and the cost of operation and maintenance cannot be financed with a General Obligation Bond. Special Taxes are created pursuant to various California Code Sections and require 2/3 majority approval of the qualified voters for approval. A special tax is may be formed by a local government (a city, county, special district, etc...) in order to finance specific facilities and/or services and cannot be used for general purposes.

Library Services Assessment

A library services assessment is a general category of direct property tax charges that may be levied pursuant to various California legal Codes. The assessment pays for library services available to the residents of the area affected by the assessment.

Trash, Waste or Refuse Fee

A Trash, Waste or Refuse Fee is a fee created pursuant to the Health and Safety Code Section 5470 et seq. upon majority approval of the property owners during an assessment balloting procedure. The fees may be billed directly, but in some cases are collected annually as a separate line item on the County property tax bills for each of the parcels within the service area.

School District Special Tax

A Special Tax for schools is created pursuant to the Government Code Section 50079-50079.5. upon 2/3 majority approval of the qualified voters. A municipal bond may be issued in order to finance public school facilities. The debt is paid over time from the levy of the special tax. The levy of the special tax may also be used to directly finance facilities and/or services.

Landscaping & Lighting District - Park Maintenance

A 1972 Act Landscaping and Lighting District is a special assessment district created pursuant to the Landscaping and Lighting Act of 1972 (Streets and Highways Code Section 22500 et seq.) upon majority approval of the property owners during an assessment balloting procedure. A 1972 Act Landscaping and Lighting District may be formed by a local government (a city, county, special district, etc...) in order to finance certain services that benefit the properties within the district. A 1972 Act Landscaping and Lighting District must provide special benefit to the properties within the district in order to levy special assessments. A 1972 Act Landscaping and Lighting District will include the ability to issue municipal bonds to finance improvements pursuant to the Improvement Bond Act of 1915 (Streets and Highways Code Section 8500 et seq.) however this is not common.

Fee/Charge

A Fee or Charge is created pursuant to various California Code Sections that is a voluntary charge imposed on an individual. State law requires that a fee cannot exceed the estimated reasonable cost of providing a service or facility, or else it is considered a special tax. Many special districts, such as those that provide water or electricity, impose fees or charges. Fees usually show up on utility bills, although some fees or charges are collected annually as a separate line item on the County property tax bills for each of the parcels within the district.

Paramedics Services Assessment

A Paramedics Services Assessment is a special assessment created upon majority approval of voters. A Paramedic Services Assessment may be levied or bonds issued by a local government (a city, county, special district, etc...) in order to finance certain services that benefit the citizens within the district.

2/3 Voter Approved Special Tax

A Special Tax is created pursuant to the Government Code Section 50075 et. Seq. upon 2/3 majority approval of the qualified voters. A municipal bond may be issued in order to finance public facilities and/or services. The debt is paid over time from the levy of the special tax. The levy of the special tax may also be used to directly finance facilities and/or services.

Flood Control/Storm Drainage Assessment

A Flood Control/Storm Drainage Assessment is a special assessment created pursuant to the Health and Safety Code Section 5470 et seq. upon majority approval of the property owners during an assessment balloting procedure. A Flood Control/Storm Drain Assessment may be created by a local government (a city, county, special district, etc...) in order to finance flood control/storm drainage facilities and services. A Flood Control/Storm Drain Assessment must provide special benefit to the properties within the service area in order to be levied.



Mello-Roos Community Facilities District

A Mello-Roos Community Facilities District, known as a CFD, is a special tax district formed by a local government (a city, county, special district, etc...) in order to finance certain designated facilities and/or services which benefit the properties within the CFD. Often, a CFD will include the ability to issue municipal bonds to finance facilities and the debt is paid over time from the levy of the special tax. The levy of the special tax may also be used to directly finance facilities and/or services.

County Service Area

A County Service Area, known as a CSA, is a multi-purpose special district created pursuant to Government Code Section 25210.1 et seq. upon majority approval of the qualified voters during an election procedure. A CSA may include all or part of the unincorporated area of a county that provides wide variety of facilities and services within the CSA. A CSA is used to identify areas that desire a higher level of specific services than those already provided within the entire county. A CSA must provide special benefit to the properties within the CSA in order to levy special assessments and/or fees/charges may provide general benefit and/or special benefit to the properties within the CSA in order to levy special taxes and/or ad valorem taxes. A Community Services District will include the ability to issue municipal bonds to finance facilities. The debt is paid over time from the levy of the assessments.

Landscaping & Lighting Maintenance District

A Lighting and Landscape Maintenance District is a special assessment district created pursuant to the Landscaping and Lighting Act of 1972 (Streets and Highways Code Section 22500 et seq.) upon majority approval of the property owners during an assessment balloting procedure. These Districts may be formed by a local government (a city, county, special district, etc...) in order to finance certain services that benefit the properties within the district. The District must provide special benefit to the properties within the district in order to levy special assessments. The District will include the ability to issue municipal bonds to finance improvements pursuant to the Improvement Bond Act of 1915 (Streets and Highways Code Section 8500 et seq.) however this is not common.

Vector Control District

A Vector Control District is a special assessment district created pursuant to the Health and Safety Code Section 2270 et seq., in order to collect costs of a local government (a city, county, special district, etc...) related to vector control. One-time abatements include a notice to the property owner prior to abatement followed by a public hearing. Upon abatement, if the amount owing remains delinquent, a recorded lien is placed on the parcel for the abatement amount, which may include a surcharge that is usually 10% of the amount or is an administrative charge based on actual administrative costs. Ongoing abatements are established upon majority approval of the property owners during an assessment balloting procedure.

Terms, Conditions and Limitations

This report and the determinations made herein were prepared by California Tax Data, Inc. ("CTD"). Only the buyer (and his/her agent) and the seller (and his/her agent) may use or rely on this report. The determinations made in this report are time-sensitive. Therefore, the information in this report may be considered accurate only as of the date shown herein. Governmental actions occurring after the date of this report are not disclosed, and CTD is under no duty to update this report when or if new tax information is released or becomes available. The sole purposes of this report are to (a) make preliminary determinations regarding whether current secured tax rolls contain Mello-Roos Community Facilities District Special Taxes or 1915 Bond Act Special Assessments against the subject property, and (b) assist the seller in fulfilling his/her duty to comply with California Civil Code §1102.6b. This report is not a substitute for a title report or title insurance and may not be relied upon as such.

This report is for the exclusive benefit and reliance of the specific buyer and specific seller mentioned herein and there shall be no third party beneficiaries. This report may not be used in any subsequent transaction affecting the subject property. This report is void and not guaranteed if it has not been paid for within 30 days after the close of escrow.

This Report addresses special tax assessment matters only. It does not address matters related to (a) title or title defects, (b) earthquake zones, flood zones, fire zones or other natural hazard zones, (c) survey or geologic issues, (d) land use or zoning, (e) the California Subdivided Lands Act or the Subdivision Map Act, (f) compliance with other federal, state or local laws, ordinances or restrictions that may apply to the property, such as the Americans with Disabilities Act and building codes, (g) restrictions affecting the use, occupancy or development of the property imposed by any state, local or federal governmental agency, including without limitation, flood control districts, the California Coastal Commission, joint power districts, water districts, agencies or school districts, (h) any permits of any nature that may be required for the current or anticipated future use of the property, or (i) any other legal concerns that might affect the property.

CTD has prepared this report solely based upon records and information provided by various governmental and private agencies. CTD has assumed that these records and information are accurate and complete, and CTD has not conducted any independent verification of their accuracy or completeness. CTD hereby disclaims all liability and shall not be responsible for any inaccuracies or omissions in the public records or information supplied by the various governmental and private agencies supplying information to CTD.

In order to prepare this report, either the seller (or his/her agent) or the buyer (or his/her agent) supplied CTD with the Assessors Parcel Number ("APN") for the subject property. CTD has not verified the accuracy of the APN. This report was prepared based upon such APN, and CTD shall not be responsible or liable for any losses, liabilities or damages resulting from an incorrect APN.

BY ACCEPTING OR USING THIS REPORT, THE BUYER AND SELLER HEREBY AGREE TO BE BOUND BY ALL OF THE TERMS, CONDITIONS, AND LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY STATED HEREIN.

WOOD DESTROYING PESTS AND ORGANISMS INSPECTION REPORT

Building No.	Street, City, Zip	Date of Inspection	No. of Pages
2829	Buena Vista Way, Berkeley, CA, 94708	11/01/06	5

MITTS TERMITE CONTROL INC
 427 San Pablo Avenue
 Albany, CA 94706
 Ph: (510) 525-2202 Fax: (510) 525-1028



Firm Registration No. PR 0655	Report No. 261508	Escrow No.
Ordered By: The Grubb Company 3070 Claremont Avenue Berkeley CA 94705 Helene Barkin	Property Owner/Party of Interest: Bernie Mikell 500 Tajaro Court Sacramento CA 95864	Report Sent To: The Grubb Company 3070 Claremont Avenue Berkeley CA 94705 Helene Barkin

COMPLETE REPORT
 LIMITED REPORT
 SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT
 REINSPECTION REPORT

General Description: Two story single family dwelling constructed on concrete foundation with stucco and wood rustic exterior	Inspection Tag Posted: access area marked item JM
	Other Tags Posted: none to date

An inspection has been made of the structure(s) shown on the diagram in accordance with the Structural Pest Control Act. Detached porches, detached steps, detached decks and any other structures not on the diagram were not inspected.

Subterranean Termites
 Drywood Termites
 Fungus/Dryrot
 Other Findings
 Further Inspection

If any of above boxes are checked, it indicates that there were visible problems in accessible areas. Read the report for details on checked items.

Buyer _____ Date _____

Buyer _____ Date _____

7 pages

NOTE: DIAGRAM IS DISPLAYED ON PAGE 2.

Inspected By John McDonald License No. OPR8701 Signature

You are entitled to obtain copies of all reports and completion notices on this property reported to the Structural Pest Control Board during the preceding two years. To obtain copies contact : Structural Pest Control Board, 1418 Howe Avenue, Suite 18, Sacramento, California 95825-3204.

NOTE: Questions or problems concerning the above report should be directed to the manager of the company. Unresolved questions or problems with services performed may be directed to the Structural Pest Control Board at (916) 561-8708, (800) 737-8188 or www.pestboard.ca.gov.

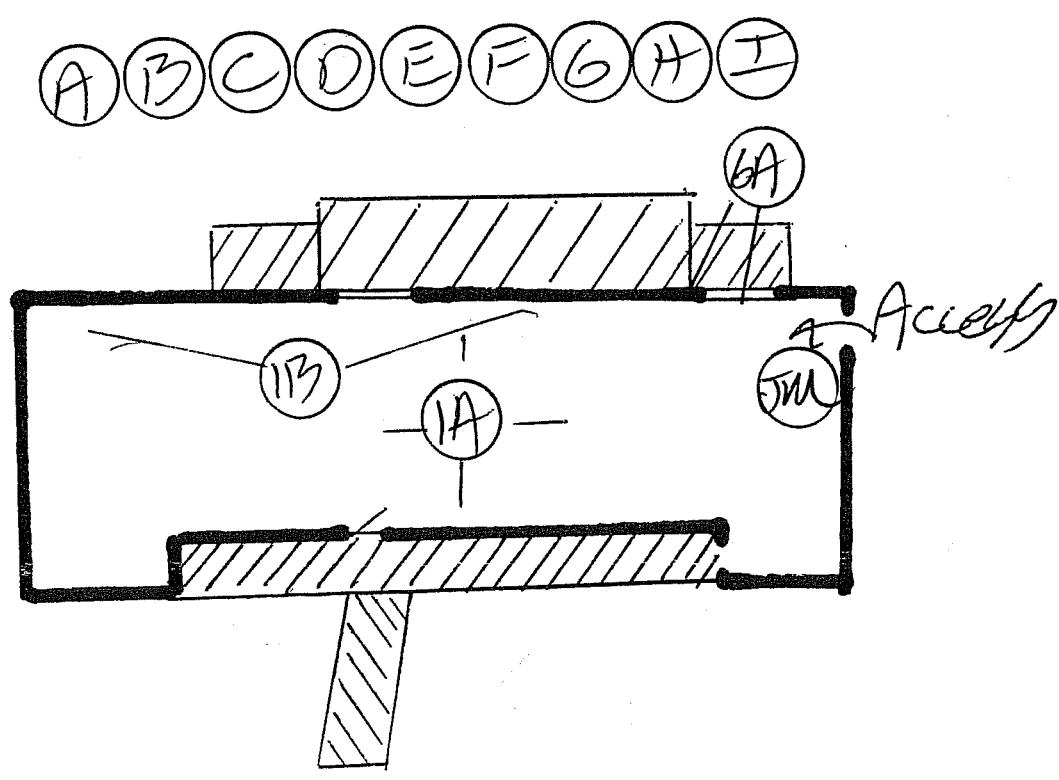
2829 Buena Vista Way, Berkeley, CA, 94708

11/01/06 261508

BUILDING NO. STREET, CITY, STATE, ZIP

INSPECTION DATE REPORT NO.

Diagram not to scale



2829	Buena Vista Way, Berkeley, CA, 94708	11/01/06	261508
BUILDING NO.	STREET, CITY, STATE, ZIP	INSPECTION DATE	REPORT NO.

Certain areas are recognized by the industry as inaccessible and/or for other reasons not inspected. These include but are not limited to: inaccessible and/or insulated attics or portions thereof, attics with less than 18" clear crawl space, the interior of hollow walls; spaces between a floor or porch deck and the ceiling below; area where there is no access without defacing or removing lumber, masonry or finished work; areas behind stoves, refrigerators or beneath floor coverings, furnishings; areas where encumbrances and storage, conditions or locks make inspection impractical, portions of the subarea concealed or made inaccessible by ducting or insulation, area beneath wood floors over concrete, and areas concealed by heavy vegetation. Areas or timbers around eaves were visually inspected from ground level only. Although we make visual examinations, we do not deface window/door frames or decorative trims. Unless otherwise specified in this report, we do not inspect fences, sheds, dog houses, detached patios, detached wood decks, wood retaining walls or wood walkways. We assume no responsibility for work done by anyone else, for damage to structure or contents during our inspection, or for infestation, infection, adverse conditions or damage undetected due to inaccessibility or non-disclosure by owner/agent/tenant.

Slab floor construction has become more prevalent in recent years. Floor covering may conceal cracks in the slab that will allow infestation to enter. Infestations in the walls may be concealed by plaster so that a diligent inspection may not disclose the true condition. These areas are not practical to inspect because of health hazards, damage to the structure; or inconvenience. They were not inspected unless described in this report. We recommend further inspection if there is any question about the above noted areas. Ref: Structural Pest Control Act, Article 6, Section 8516(b), paragraph 1990(i). Amended effective March 1, 1974. Inspection is limited to disclosure of wood destroying pests or organisms as set forth in the Structural Pest Control Act, Article 6, Section 8516(b), Paragraph 1990-1991.

Second story stall showers are inspected but not water tested unless there is evidence of leaks in ceiling below. Ref: Structural Pest Control Rules and Regulations, Sec. 8516G. Sunken or below grade showers or tubs are not water tested due to their construction.

If this report is used for escrow purposes then it is agreed that this inspection report and Completion, if any, is part of the ESCROW TRANSACTION. However, if you received written or verbal instructions from any interested parties involved in this escrow (agents, principals, etc.) to not pay our invoice at close of escrow, you are instructed by us not to use these documents to satisfy any conditions or terms of your escrow for purposes of closing the escrow.

SHOULD DAMAGE EXTEND FURTHER THAN OUTLINED IN OUR REPORT INTERESTED PARTIES OR HOMEOWNER WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ADDITIONAL COSTS. SHOULD CONTRACTOR BE ENGAGED BY OTHERS TO PERFORM THE REPAIRS OUTLINED IN OUR REPORT AND DAMAGE IS FOUND AT THAT TIME TO EXTEND FURTHER INTO INACCESSIBLE AREAS THE CONTRACTOR IS ADVISED TO CONTACT THE HOMEOWNER OR INTERESTED PARTIES FOR ADDITIONAL FUNDS. MITTS TERMITE CONTROL CANNOT BE HELD LIABLE FOR HIDDEN OR INACCESSIBLE AREAS THAT CONCEAL FURTHER DAMAGES.

Owner must be aware of the above if obtaining competitive bids.

Reports on this structure prepared by various registered companies should list the same findings (i.e. termite infestations, termite damage, fungus damage, etc.) however, recommendations to correct these findings may vary from company to company. You have the right to seek a second opinion from another company.

No guarantees or warranties regarding workmanship or materials will be given by this firm if work is performed by others even if work is acceptable and approved by this firm.

Only a licensed pest control firm may apply any chemical for the treatment of wood destroying organisms including fungicides (for exception, see Sec. 8555 of the Business and Professional Code, Division 3).

We do not inspect dwellings from extension ladders during a normal inspection. The underside of the roof eaves will be inspected as close as practical depending on the height. We will not inspect roof coverings or walk on roofs during the course of normal inspections.

GUARANTEE: Mitts Termite Control, Inc., guarantees all pest control repairs for one (1) year from the date of completion, excluding caulking, sealing, grouting, roofing, plumbing, leaks and other mechanical failures. Caulking, sealing and grouting is guaranteed by this firm for thirty (30) days from the date of completion. Roofing, plumbing and other mechanical repairs are guaranteed by this firm for ninety (90) days from the date of completion.

This company will reinspect repairs done by others within four months of the original inspection. A charge, if any, can be no greater than the original inspection fee for each reinspection. The reinspection must be done within ten (10) working days of request. The reinspection is a visual inspection and if inspection of concealed areas is desired, inspection of work in progress will be necessary. Any guarantees must be received from parties performing repairs.